



# Weekly report on the epidemiology of COVID-19 in Ireland

# Week 14, 2022

- The epidemiological weeks in this report, run from Sunday to Saturday. Please refer to the HPSC website for a complete list of epidemiological weeks with start and end dates for 2020-2022.
- Reference dates:
  - Week 10, 2020 (01/03/2020 to 07/03/2020) the beginning of the pandemic in Ireland, also the start of the first wave
  - Week 32, 2020 (02/08/2020 to 08/08/2020) the beginning of the 2nd wave
  - Week 48, 2020 (22/11/2020 to 28/11/2020) the beginning of the 3rd wave
  - Week 26, 2021 (26/06/2021 to 03/07/2021) the beginning of the 4th wave
  - Week 51, 2021 (19/12/2021 to 25/12/2021) the beginning of the 5th wave
  - Week 14, 2022 (03/04/2022 to 09/04/2022) most recent epidemiological week
- Data for this report are based on case notified on the Computerised Infectious Disease Reporting (CIDR) and HSE Positive Antigen Portal up to midnight 09/04/2022. Data were extracted from CIDR system on 11/04/2022. Data are provisional and subject to ongoing review, validation and update. As a result, figures in this report may differ from previously published figures.
- A confirmed case of COVID-19 is any person for whom SARS-CoV-2 is detected by PCR. At
  present, antigen testing undertaken outside the governance of the public laboratory service is not
  recognised for the purpose of notification of COVID-19. For surveillance purposes, a selfadministered positive antigen test registered on the HSE Antigen Portal is not considered to be a
  confirmed COVID-19 case as it is not subject to data validation and linkage to previous or
  subsequent PCR results is not feasible.
- In this report, confirmed cases notified on CIDR and cases who have registered a positive antigen test result on the HSE Antigen Portal are presented separately.
- Data from both sources (CIDR and the HSE Antigen Portal) should be interpreted in the context of the current testing policy. Testing policies can affect the number and age distribution of confirmed cases notified on CIDR. Information on the current testing policy in Ireland can be found here
- Data for late December 2021, and January 2022, do not accurately reflect trends. Due to a surge in case numbers the turnaround time for processing notifications increased. Notifications between 19/12/2021 and 15/01/2022 (week 51, 2021 to week 2, 2022) are reduced, while notifications between 16/01/2022 and 29/01/2022 (weeks 3 and 4, 2022) are inflated compared to cases diagnosed during these weeks.

# **Key points**

#### Notified confirmed cases

- In week 14 (between April 03 and April 09 2022) there were 20,174 new confirmed COVID-19 cases reported on CIDR. This is a decrease of 40.1% compared to week 13 when there were 33,664 confirmed COVID-19 cases notified.
- The highest number of new confirmed COVID-19 cases in week 14 was in the age group of 35-44 years with 20.5% of notified cases in week 14.

#### Laboratory data of SARS-CoV-2 PCR tests

In week 14, a total of 70,647 SARS-CoV-2 tests were performed, of which 20,030 (28.4%) were
positive.

#### Self-reported antigen positive cases

 In week 14, a total of 24,527 positive antigen test results were registered on the HSE Positive Antigen Portal. This is a decrease of 41.4% reported results compared to week 13 when 41,857 cases were registered.

#### Deaths

• Since the start of the pandemic 6,884 COVID-19 deaths among notified COVID-19 cases have been reported on CIDR. Of these, 24 had a date of death in week 14.

	Number	Percentage
Total number of confirmed cases	20,174	
Incidence rate of confirmed cases per 100,000 population	423.7	
Severe cases		
Number of cases hospitalised	868*	4.30
Number of cases admitted to ICU	3*	0.01
Number of deaths among confirmed cases	12*	0.06
Case fatality ratio CFR (%)	0.06	
Incidence rate of deaths among confirmed cases per 100,000 population	0.25	

Table 1:Summary characteristics of COVID-19 cases notified in Ireland during week 14, 2022

\* The number of cases hospitalised, cases admitted to ICU and deaths described in the above table relate only to COVID-19 cases who were notified during this reporting period, and where the outcome is known at the time of reporting. It does not reflect all hospitalisations, ICU admissions and deaths related to COVID-19 which occurred during the period covered by the report. It also does not reflect the final number of cases hospitalised, admitted to ICU or deaths for these cases notified during this period as the outcome may not yet have occurred, or is yet to be notified

# **Confirmed cases of COVID-19**

Since the start of the pandemic, 1,491,351 confirmed COVID-19 cases have been notified on CIDR. In the past week, week 14 2022, 20,174 COVID-19 cases were reported on CIDR. This is a decrease of 40.1% compared to week 13 when 33,664 confirmed COVID-19 cases were notified. Figure 1 shows the epidemiological curve of COVID-19 cases notified in Ireland from week 1 2021 to week 14 2022.

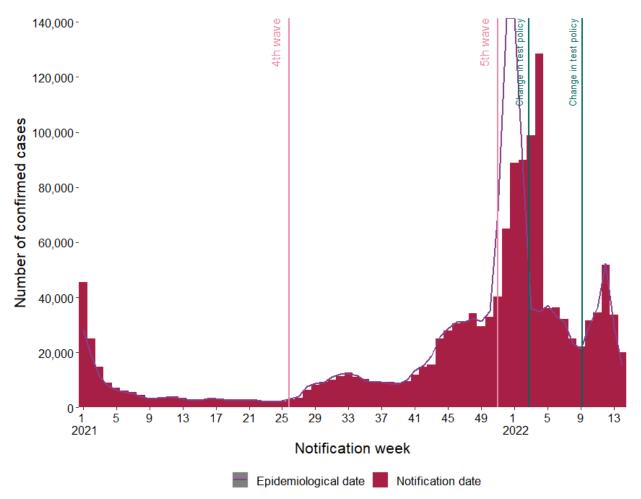


Figure 1: Number of confirmed COVID-19 cases by notification week and epidemiological date in Ireland between week 1, 2021 and week 14, 2022. The red bars represent the number of confirmed cases by notification date. The purple line represents the number of cases by epidemiological date. The pink horizontal lines indicate when a new wave starts. The dark blue horizontal lines indicate a change in test policy<sup>1</sup>, <sup>2</sup>

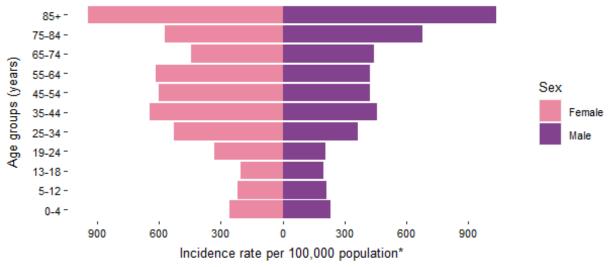
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Since 14/01/2022 (week 2), a confirmatory PCR test after a positive antigen test was no longer needed for those in the community aged between 4 and 39 years of age outside of a risk group.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Since 28/02/2022 (week 9), PCR testing is only needed for symptomatic people in the community within certain risk groups: those who have not had booster vaccination and are aged 55 years and older; those with a high-risk medical conditions; those who are immunocompromised; those who live in the same household as a person who is immunocompromised; those who provide care or support for person they know to be immunocompromised; those who are pregnant; Healthcare Workers.

# Confirmed COVID-19 cases by age and sex

Table 2:Summary characteristics by age and sex of COVID-19 cases notified in Ireland during week 14, 2022

	Number	Percentage
Gender		
Males	8,614	42.7
Females	11,501	57.0
M:F ratio	0.75	
Age (years)		
Mean age	44	
Median age	43	
Age range	0 - 101	
Age groups (years)		
0-4	813	4.0
5-12	1,182	5.9
13-18	756	3.7
19-24	896	4.4
25-34	2,978	14.8
35-44	4,144	20.5
45-54	3,220	16.0
55-64	2,648	13.1
65-74	1,660	8.2
85+	659	3.3
Unknown	1	0.0



\*Excluding 1 for whom age is unknown, 38 for whom sex is unknown and 0 for whom both are unknown

Figure 2: Cumulative age and sex specific incidence rates of confirmed COVID-19 cases per 100,000 population for current week 14, 2022

7-	533	474.6	524.5	577.9	660.3	966.3	976.6	604.4	463.4	480.9	669.1
8-	410.5	311.8	366	335.7	466.3	769.5	810.6	523.6	397.3	453.9	700.2
9-	251.9	233.6	458.6	346	481.9	647.6	638.9	466.1	374.3	447.3	740.1
Notification week	317.6	482.1	696.5	503.3	720.9	917.5	820.1	652.9	479.5	605.6	925.2
Notificati -11	408.7	581.4	658.8	426.3	741.4	1003.2	921	739.9	585.8	683.4	1005.1
12-	481.7	583.9	802.2	845.4	1312.1	1485.4	1428	1226.4	867.2	982.2	1538
13-	348.4	328.8	391.3	522.3	795.6	943	923.3	876.7	667.2	803	1354.5
14-	245.2	215.4	203.5	270.5	451.6	554.8	514.3	520.3	444.4	619.3	975.5
	0-4	5-12	13-18	19-24	25-34 Age	35-44 group (ye	45-54 ars)	55-64	65-74	75-84	85+

Figure 3: Heat map of weekly age-specific incidence rates of confirmed COVID-19 cases per 100,000 population in Ireland for the last 8 weeks

# Cases and incidence by county

Table 3:Characteristics of confirmed COVID-19 cases by county and descending incidence rate per 100,000 notified in Ireland, during week 14, 2022

County	Number of cases	Percent	M:F ratio	Median age	Incidence rate per 100,000
Waterford	769	3.8	0.8	45	661.9
Carlow	334	1.7	0.8	47	586.7
Kerry	831	4.1	0.8	45	562.6
Limerick	1,056	5.2	0.8	42	541.8
Tipperary	851	4.2	0.8	43	533.4
Westmeath	422	2.1	0.8	41	475.4
Offaly	370	1.8	0.7	46	474.6
Kilkenny	466	2.3	0.7	45	469.6
Cork	2,537	12.6	0.8	43	467.3
Laois	381	1.9	0.8	39	449.8
Wexford	640	3.2	0.6	43	427.5
Sligo	280	1.4	0.6	50	427.3
Wicklow	591	2.9	0.8	42	415.0
Clare	491	2.4	0.8	46	413.2
Kildare	912	4.5	0.9	41	409.9
Galway	1,041	5.2	0.7	43	403.4
Longford	161	0.8	0.7	45	393.9
Dublin	5,304	26.3	0.7	41	393.7
Louth	492	2.4	0.7	43	381.7
Roscommon	236	1.2	0.7	46	365.6
Leitrim	114	0.6	0.5	48	355.8
Meath	681	3.4	0.7	42	349.2
Cavan	261	1.3	0.7	40	342.6
Мауо	427	2.1	0.6	45	327.2
Donegal	382	1.9	0.8	44	240.0
Monaghan	144	0.7	0.6	48	234.6

	7-	717	570	659	640	832	652	682	445	867	468	577	521	834	602	1020	468	702	940	589	610	638	633	850	736	476	752
	8-	648	533	404	405	790	486	605	305	661	438	587	621	522	617	786	498	485	777	351	601	560	481	621	566	434	743
×	9-	511	436	523	377	551	476	474	281	522	380	471	512	469	585	597	502	394	604	377	429	845	427	383	580	367	546
Notification week	10-	924	667	677	562	650	599	818	529	800	581	713	992	584	729	756	798	599	588	700	677	1350	629	737	713	697	752
Votificat	11-	752	694	878	725	638	684	816	734	774	549	848	924	730	917	687	668	668	567	771	734	1057	654	726	853	715	853
	12-	1205	952	1220	1154	913	924	1215	1220	1090	1151	1268	1027	1167	1258	1010	1223	1002	816	1431	1001	1093	1198	1366	1395	1120	1234
	13-	780	576	625	780	492	709	732	707	776	797	819	643	777	705	559	526	565	494	738	643	717	874	780	813	607	778
	14-	587	343	413	467	240	394	403	563	410	470	450	356	542	394	382	327	349	235	475	366	427	533	662	475	427	415
		Carlow -	Cavan -	Clare -	Cork -	Donegal-	Dublin -	Galway -	Kerry -	Kildare -	Kilkenny -	Laois -	Leitrim -	Limerick -	Longford -	Louth -	Mayo-	Meath -	Monaghan -	Offaly -	Roscommon -	- Sligo	Tipperary -	Waterford -	Westmeath -	Wexford -	Wicklow -

Figure 4: Heat map of weekly incidence rates of confirmed COVID-19 cases per 100,000 population, by county, notified in Ireland for the last 8 weeks

County

## **Hospitalisations**

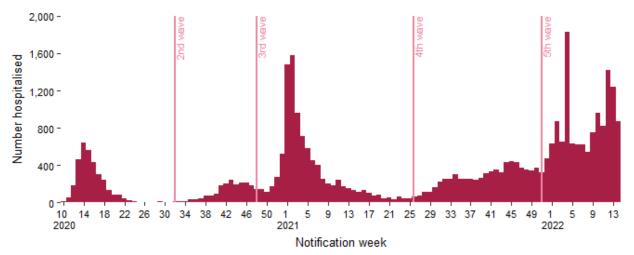


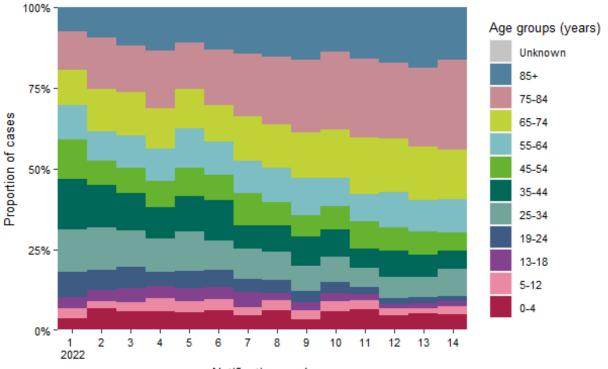
Figure 5: Hospitalisations among confirmed COVID-19 cases notified on CIDR in Ireland between week 10, 2020 and week 14, 2022

Table 4:Number of COVID-19 cases and hospital admissions by age group in Ireland for week <sup>3</sup> 14, 2022 based on	
week of notification <sup>4</sup>	

	Total cases	Hospitalised cases						
Age group	Number of cases	Number of cases	Percentage					
0-4	813	41	5					
5-12	1182	23	1.9					
13-18	756	14	1.9					
19-24	896	13	1.5					
25-34	2978	73	2.5					
35-44	4144	50	1.2					
45-54	3220	49	1.5					
55-64	2648	89	3.4					
65-74	1660	133	8					
85+	659	142	21.5					
Unknown	1	-	-					

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Hospitalisations may be underestimated for recent weeks as the outcome may not yet have occurred or may not yet have been reported to CIDR

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Data are based on the date the case was notified on CIDR, and not the date of hospital admission



Notification week

Figure 6: Age distribution of hospitalised confirmed COVID-19 cases notified on CIDR in Ireland between week 1, 2022 and week 14, 2022

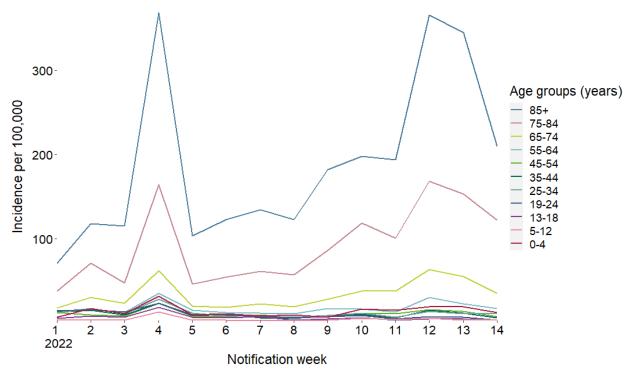


Figure 7: Incidence rate by age group of hospitalisations among confirmed COVID-19 cases on CIDR in Ireland between week 1, 2022 and week 14, 2022

## Laboratory data of SARS-CoV-2 PCR tests

In week 14, a total of 70,647 SARS-CoV-2 tests were performed, of which 20,030 (28.4%) were positive.

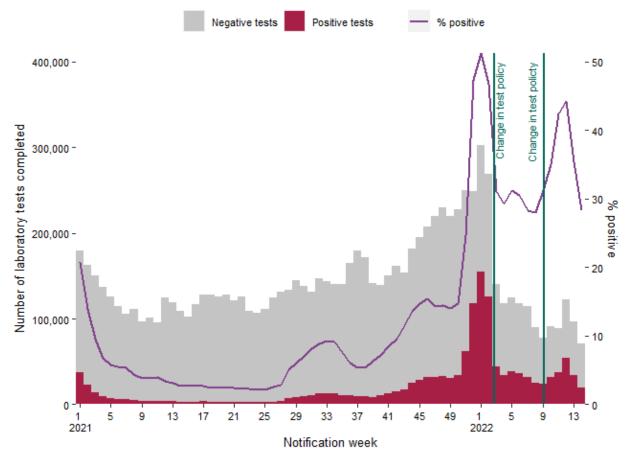


Figure 8: Number of completed laboratory tests by result and % positive tests<sup>5</sup> in Ireland between week 1, 2021 and week 14, 2022. Data source: Deloitte Ireland LLP<sup>6</sup>, <sup>7</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Positive tests refer to all positive specimens and includes duplicates and individuals who were retested.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Since 14/01/2022 (week 2), a confirmatory PCR test after a positive antigen test was no longer needed for those in the community aged between 4 and 39 years of age outside of a risk group.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Since 28/02/2022 (week 9), PCR testing is only needed for symptomatic people in the community within certain risk groups: those who have not had booster vaccination and are aged 55 years and older; those with a high-risk medical conditions; those who are immunocompromised; those who live in the same household as a person who is immunocompromised; those who provide care or support for person they know to be immunocompromised; those who are pregnant; Healthcare Workers.

# Self-reported antigen positive cases

The following figures and tables are based on cases who registered a self-administered positive antigen test on the HSE Positive Antigen Portal. The are not considered confirmed cases and have undergone no data validation.

Table 5: Characteristics of COVID-19 cases who registered a positive antigen test to the HSE Positive Antigen Portal

	Week 2, 20	22 - 14, 2022	Week	14, 2022
	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage
Total number of registered cases	473,493		24,527	
Incidence rate of registered cases per 100,000 population	9,943.4		515.1	
Gender				
Males	204,256	43.1	10,402	42.4
Females	261,305	55.2	13,518	55.1
M:F ratio	0.78		0.77	
Age (years)				
Mean age	31		37	
Median age	30		38	
Age range	0 - 105		0 - 100	

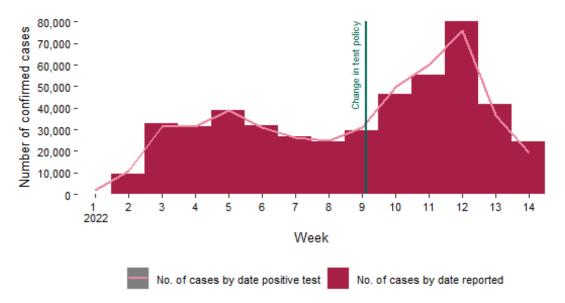


Figure 9: Number of COVID-19 cases who registered a positive antigen test on the HSE Positive Antigen Portal by week of registration<sup>8</sup>, and week of epidemiological date in Ireland between week 1, 2022 and week 14, 2022<sup>9</sup>

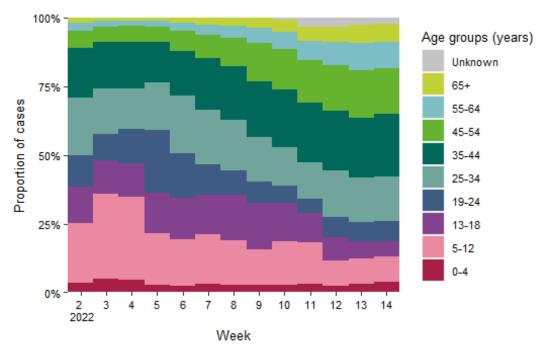


Figure 10: Age distribution of COVID-19 cases who registered a positive antigen test on the HSE Positive Antigen Portal by week of registration<sup>10</sup> in Ireland between week 2<sup>8</sup>, 2022 and week 14, 2022

<sup>9</sup> Some cases reported a date of positive test much earlier than the date it was registered in the portal. Dates of positive test earlier than week 1, 2022 are not shown in the number of case by date of positive test. Dates of positive test which erronously were reported to be later than the current epi week are excluded.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Reporting to the HSE Positive Antigen Portal commenced on Friday 14th January 2022, and therefore week 2 only includes 2 days.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Please note, the week of registration on the HSE Positive Antigen Portal may differ from the week the positive test was obtained.

## **Notes**

## **Technical Notes**

### 1. Data Source

Data are based on statutory notifications and were extracted from Computerised Infectious Disease Reporting (CIDR) system and the HSE COVID care tracker. Data are provisional and subject to ongoing review, validation and update. As a result, figures in this report may differ from previously published figures. Slide with Laboratory testing for SARS-CoV-2 data provided by Deloitte Ireland LLP

### 2. Epidemiological date

Epidemiological date is based on the earliest of dates available on the case and taken from date of onset of symptoms, date of diagnosis, laboratory specimen collection date, laboratory received date, laboratory reported date or event creation date/notification date on CIDR. By using this date rather than event creation/ notification date, adjusts for any delays in testing/notification. Further information on epidemiological dates and weeks can be found on the HPSC website.

### 3. Population data

Population data were taken from Census 2016. Data were aggregated into the following age groups for the analysis: 0-4 years, 5-12 years, 13-18 years, 19-24 years, 25-34 years, 35-44 years, 45-54 years, 55-64 years, 65-74 years, 75-84 years and  $\geq$  85 years.

## Acknowledgements

Sincere thanks are extended to all those who are participating in the collection of data and reporting of data used in these reports. This includes the HSE COVID-19 Contact Management Programme (CMP), staff in ICU units, notifying clinicians, laboratory staff, public health doctors, nurses, surveillance scientists, microbiologists and administrative staff.

## Please refer to the Health Protection Surveillance (HPSC) website for

- Epidemiology of COVID-19 in Ireland infohub
- Outbreaks/clusters in Ireland COVID-19 weekly report
- Weekly report on COVID-19 deaths reported in Ireland
- SARS-CoV-2 wastewater surveillance programme weekly reports
- Healthcare Workers COVID-19 cases in Ireland monthly reports
- Weekly reports on vaccination status of COVID-19 deaths and cases admitted to ICU in Ireland
- Epidemiology of COVID-19 in Ireland cases aged 0-18 years